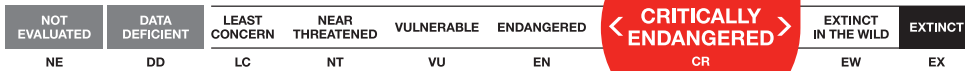


# LEARN AT CHESTER ZOO



An extremely high risk of becoming Extinct in the Wild

<b>Name</b>	Javan Green Magpie.
<b>Scientific Name</b>	<i>Cissa thalassina</i> .
<b>Threats</b> (why they're at risk)	Habitat loss and degradation, driven by agricultural expansion, logging and mining. Illegal poaching for the songbird trade.
<b>Distribution</b> (where they live)	Endemic to Western Java, Indonesia.
<b>Habitat</b> (what they live in)	Mountain forests, occasionally ranging into lowland areas.
<b>Diet/Feeding strategy</b> (what they eat and how they eat it)	Mostly invertebrates and small vertebrates, including frogs and lizards.
<b>Social behaviour</b> (how they live)	Breeding takes place throughout the year, with a preference for the months with high rainfall (October-April).
<b>Males and females</b>	No notable difference between males and females.
<b>Lifespan</b> (how long they live for)	Unknown.
<b>Number of young</b> (how many babies)	Usually one or two individuals.
<b>Interesting fact</b>	The bright green plumage is attained through the birds diet, if not kept correctly they can turn blue.